Identification	Subject	PSCH 111- Astronomy - 6 ECTS	
lucilinication	(Code, title, credits)	13eH 111- Astronomy - 0 Le13	
	Department	Physics and Electronics	
	Program	Undergraduate	
	(undergraduate		
	, graduate)		
	Term	Fall, 2022	
	Instructor	Dr. Gunel Bahaddinova	
	E-mail:	gbahaddinova@gmail.com	
	Phone: Classroom/hours	+99412 4211093 (ext. 232) 11 Mehseti str. (Neftchilar campus)	
	Office hours	Monday-Friday, from 9:00 to 18:00	
Prerequisites	-	Monday Friday, from 2.00 to 10.00	
Language	English		
Compulsory/Electi ve	Elective		
Required	1. http://www.as.utexa	as.edu/~elr/Astronomy-LR.pdf	
textbooks and	2. Introduction to Ast	ronomy, Jeffrey Wright Scott, 2010-	
course materials	https://www.sisd.ne	et/cms/lib/TX01001452/Centricity/Domain/834/Astronomy%20Te	
	xtbook%20Part%201.pdf		
	3. Fundamental Astronomy, Hannu Karttunen and etc. 5 th edition. 2007-		
	http://www.znu.ac.ir/files/uploaded/editor_files/observatory/files/Fundamental%2BAst		
	ronomy%2B5th%2BEdition.pdf		
	4. C.M. Quluzadə, "Klassik astronomiya" Bakı, 2007.		
	5. R.Ə.Hüseynov, "Astronomiya", Bakı, 1997.		
Course outline	Astronomy is the oldest science that studies objects and phenomena, observed in the		
	universe. The mysteries of the sky call the human mind to meditation and the study of the		
	physical world. We call this boundless and ever-changing world the Universe. The		
	concept "Universe" includes the Earth with the rest of the planets, and the Sun, and other		
	stars, galaxies, and the environment in which they are located. Modern astronomy studies		
	very distant space objects. It is important for humanity to investigate the activity of the		
	Sun and its influence on earthly processes, to answer several questions. Is there life on		
	other planets, how space affects the development of all living things, etc.?		
	Astronomy is a course which covers the entire panorama of the universe from the origin		
	and structure of the solar system to the properties. Astronomy describes the origin and		
	evolution of the stars, galaxies, and cosmology. It explains different kinds of calendars,		
	such as Solar and Lunar calendars depending on the annual motion of the Earth and		
	rotation of the moon ar	round the Earth. It studies Lunar and Solar eclipses which are very	
	interesting events that are observed on Earth with naked eyes.		
Course objectives		ronomy is to understand astrophysical processes and systems,	
	ranging from our own sun to stars, galaxies, and the whole universe. Astronomy studies		
	the position of celestial	bodies in the celestial sphere, their coordinates, the factors that	
	affect these coordinates, and the measurement of time.		
	The main goal of Astro	nomy is to teach students following issues:	
	1. Study of the apparent and real positions and motions of celestial objects,		
	determination of the shape and size of celestial bodies and the distance to them.		
	2. Determination of the structure, physical state, and chemical composition of celestial		
	bodies.		
	3. The study of the formation and evolution of celestial bodies and the systems they		
	form.		
Learning outcomes		e, students will be able to:	
Ü	J	, the state of the	

Conceptualize the structure of the solar system and the universe Classify and explain the reason for the differences between the planets in our solar system, stars in the sky and types of galaxies in the universe To construct drawings correlating various planetary, stellar, and galactic motions Trace the evolution of stars and the universe Define rising and setting times of celestial objects **Determine Lunar Phases Teaching methods** Lecture $\overline{\mathsf{V}}$ Group discussion \checkmark **Experiential exercise** Case analysis \checkmark Quiz, Classroom Exams Course paper Others $\overline{\mathsf{V}}$ Evaluation Methods Date/deadlines Percentage (%) Midterm Exam 30 Attendance At each lesson Ouizzes During the semester 20 During the semester Activity 5 Final Exam 40 Total 100 **Policy Preparation for class** The structure of this course makes your individual study and preparation outside the class extremely important. The lecture material will focus on the major points introduced in the text. Reading the assigned chapters and having some familiarity with them before class will greatly assist your understanding of the lecture. After the lecture, you should study your notes and work relevant problems and cases from the end of the chapter and sample exam questions. Withdrawal (pass/fail) This course strictly follows grading policy of the School of Humanities, Education and Social sciences. Thus, a student is normally expected to achieve a mark of at least 60% to pass. In case of failure, he/she will be required to repeat the course the following term or year. Cheating/plagiarism Cheating or other plagiarism during the Quizzes, Mid-term and Final Examinations will lead to paper cancellation. In this case, the student will automatically get zero (0), without any considerations. **Professional behavior guidelines** The students shall behave in the way to create favorable academic and professional environment during the class hours. Unauthorized discussions and unethical behavior are strictly prohibited. Attendance Students who attend the whole classes will get 5 marks. for three absence student loses 1 mark. Quizzes There will be a quizzes per two weeks. The quizzes will be announced in the classroom two weeks before and will relate to homework.

Students who will be active during discussion of past lessons will be awarded with

one activity mark.

	Tentative Schedule					
ķ	Date/Day	Textbook				
Week	(tentative)	S				
1	15.09.22 20.09.22	Science and the Universe: The nature of Astronomy. The Birth of Modern Astronomy: Ancient Astronomy. The sky above The Celestial Sphere Early Greek and Roman Cosmology. Ptolemy's Model of the Solar System. Heliocentric model of Copernicus. Galileo's Astronomical Observations	Chapter1,2 http://www.as.utexas.ed u/~elr/Astronomy- LR.pdf			
2	22.09.22 29.09.22	Earth, Moon, and Sky: Earth and sky. Locating places on Earth. The Turning Earth. The Seasons and Sunshine. The Length of the Day. Quiz	Chapter 4 http://www.as.utexas.ed u/~elr/Astronomy- LR.pdf			
3	4.10.22 6.10.22	Earth, Moon, and Sky. Phases and motions of the Moon. Lunar Phases. The Moon's Revolution and Rotation. The Pull of the Moon on Earth.	Chapter 4 http://www.as.utexas.ed u/~elr/Astronomy- LR.pdf			
4	11.10.22 13.10.22	Eclipses of the Sun and Moon: Eclipses of the Sun. Appearance of a Total Eclipse. Eclipses of the Moon. How to Observe Solar Eclipses Quiz	Chapter 4 http://www.as.utexas.ed u/~elr/Astronomy- LR.pdf			
5	18.10.22 20.10.22	An Introduction to the Solar System: Overview of our planetary system. An Inventory. Mass of Members of the Solar System.	Chapter 7 http://www.as.utexas.ed u/~elr/Astronomy-LR.pdf			
6	25.10.22 27.11.22	An Introduction to the Solar System: Composition and structure of planets. The Terrestrial Planets. Origin of the solar system. Quiz	Chapter 7 http://www.as.utexas.ed u/~elr/Astronomy-LR.pdf			
7	01.11.22 03.11.22	Smaller Members of the Solar System. Moons, Asteroids, and Comets.	Chapter 7 http://www.as.utexas.ed u/~elr/Astronomy- LR.pdf			
8	08.11.22	Midterm Exam				
9	10.11.22 15.11.22	Earth as a Planet. The global perspective. Earth's Interior. Magnetic Field and Magnetosphere. Earth's crust. Earth's atmosphere. Weather and Climate	Chapter 8 http://www.as.utexas.ed u/~elr/Astronomy-LR.pdf			
10	17.11.22 22.11.22	Earth as a Planet. Earth's crust. Earth's atmosphere. Weather and Climate Quiz	Chapter 8 http://www.as.utexas.ed u/~elr/Astronomy- LR.pdf			
11	24.11.22 29.11.22	Earthlike planets: Venus and Mars Rotation of the Planets. Basic Properties of Venus and Mars The geology of Venus. The geology of mars	Chapter 10 http://www.as.utexas.ed u/~elr/Astronomy- LR.pdf			
12	01.12.22 06.12.22	The Giant Planets. Exploring the outer planets. The Giant Planets. Appearance and Rotation. Composition and Structure. Atmospheres of the Giant Planets. <i>Quiz</i>	Chapter 11 http://www.as.utexas.ed u/~elr/Astronomy- LR.pdf			
13	08.12.22 13.12.22	The birth of stars and the discovery of planets outside the Solar System. Star Formation. Molecular Clouds: Stellar Nurseries. The Orion Molecular Cloud. The Birth of a Star.	Chapter 21 http://www.as.utexas.ed u/~elr/Astronomy-LR.pdf			

14	15.12.22	The Milky Way Galaxy. The architecture of the Galaxy.	Chapter 25, 26
	20.12.22	Disks and Haloes. Spiral structure	http://www.as.utexas.ed
		Galaxies. The discovery of Galaxies. Types of Galaxies	u/~elr/Astronomy-
		Quiz	<u>LR.pdf</u>
15	22.12.22	Active Galaxies, Quasars, and Supermassive Black Holes.	Chapter 27, 29
	27.12.22	Quasars,	http://www.as.utexas.ed
		The Big Bang. The age of the universe. A model of the	u/~elr/Astronomy-
		Universe.	LR.pdf
		Final Exam	

This syllabus is a guide for the course and any modifications to it will be announced in advance.

