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| **Identification** | Subject | AZLL 103Azerbaijani Language for Foreigners (3 credits) |
| **Department**  | Azerbaijan Language and Literature |
| **Program** | PhD Degree |
| **Term** | Fall 2016 |
| **Instructor** | Vafa Aslanova  |
| **Email** | vafa.aslanova@gmail.com, vaslanova@khazar.org |
| **Language**  | Azerbaijani |
| **Text books and course materials** | Core textbook1 “Elementary Azerbaijani” Kurtuluş Öztopçu, 2012Aditional2 Teach Yourself Azeri. Telman Khudazarov, 20053 The Azerbaijani Language. Hamlet Isaxanli, Elza Ismayilova, Firangiz Nasirova. 1997 |
| **Evaluation** | **Methods** | **Date/deadlines** | **Percentage (%)** |
| **Midterm Exam** |  | 30 |
| **Attendence** |  | 10 |
| **Quiz** |  | 20 |
| **Final Exam**  |  | 40 |
| Total |  | 100 |
| **Course description** | Covers alphabet and sound system of Azerbaijani language, morphology (short form) and most frequently used words in Azerbaijani; provides information about the sentence word order. |
| **Course objectives** | *Specific Objectives of the Course:*To develop students' oral and written language abilities in AzerbaijaniTo develop students’ correct pronunciation and intonation skills To create a sense of interest in students for this language during Azerbaijani language training |
| **Course outcomes** | Students will get general information about the position of Azerbaijani language among the world languages and the ​​distribution area of the Azerbaijani language. They will be able to simply express their views.They will learn Azerbaijani grammar on beginners level. |
| **Tentative Schedule** |
| **Week** | **Date** | **Topics** | **Textbook/Assignments** |
| 1 |  | Letters. Sounds. Type of sounds: vowels and consonant sounds. Stress.  |  |
| 2 |  | Pronouns. Personal pronouns, demonstrative pronouns. Nominal predicate. Negation of the Present tense verb to be. Vowel harmony.  |  |
| 3 |  | Noun, Plural nouns. Changing of names into Possession,Consenant alternations-q,-k. Yes/ no questions with the present tense verb to be. Question pronouns- **nə, kim.** Derivative suffixes **– li, siz.** Identifying loan words. Postposition/ conjunction – ilə,(la,lə) |  |
| 4 |  | Verb. The infinitive. The imperative. Tense forms. The present tense. Negative form of present tense. Consenant alternations –T. |  |
| 5 |  | Cases of the Noun. Buffer consenants-**n,y,s.** Compound nouns. |  |
| 6 |  | Numbers. Types of numbers: Cardinal and Ordinal numbers. Vowel loss |  |
| 7 |  | Adjective. Degrees of comparison of Adjectives.  |  |
| 8 |  | **Midterm Exam** |  |
| 9 |  | Past Tense. Past simple categoric tense. Perfect tense. Neagtive form of Past Tense. |  |
| 10 |  | Future Tense. Definite and indefinite tense forms. Negative form of Future Tense  |  |
| 11 |  | Interogative and Indefinite pronouns |  |
| 12 |  | Adverbs. Types of adverbs. |  |
| 13 |  | Word order. Passive voice |  |
| 14 |  | The moods of the verbs. |  |
| 15 |  | Postposition, conjunction, particle, interjection |  |
|  |  | **Final Exam** |  |
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